## National FFA Career Development Event Food Science and Technology 2013 TEST

- molecules can greatly inhibit protein molecules from bonding with each other and with water, leading to the reduction of foam's volume and stability.
  - A. Glucose
  - B. Carbohydrate
  - C. Fat
  - D. Fructose
- 2. Anthocyanins will create \_\_\_\_\_ colors in certain foods.
  - A. green and red
  - B. red and blue
  - C. purple and brown
  - D. yellow and red
- Cola is an example of a(n) \_\_\_\_\_
  - A. element
  - B. compound
  - C. heterogeneous mixture
  - D. homogeneous mixture
- Potassium sorbate is a common food additive that functions as a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. mold inhibitor
  - B. stabilizer
  - C. anticaking agent
  - D. rancidity deterrent
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_ is a polar covalent compound commonly referred to as the universal solvent.
  - A. Vinegar
  - B. Water
  - C. Ethyl Alcohol
  - D. Oil
- 6. This essential nutrient provides the body with its most concentrated source of energy.
  - A. Vitamins
  - B. Carbohydrates
  - C. Proteins
  - D. Fats

- is needed to metabolize protein and for tissue repair. It can be found in broccoli, beef liver and asparagus.
  - A. Riboflavin
  - B. BiotinC. Niacin
  - D. Thiamin
- are commonly used to break down protein in the production of cocoa and chocolate for candy and other products.
  - A. Lactic-acid bacteria
  - B. Carbon-dioxide bacteria
  - C. Acetic-acid bacteria
  - D. Proteolytic bacteria
- Fats serve many functions in foods. While many of its functions are desired, \_\_\_\_\_ is one function that is not desired.
  - A. emulsification
  - B. tenderizing
  - C. oxidation
  - D. flavor
- 10. \_\_\_\_\_ is a flavor enhancer that some processors are removing from products to create a clean ingredient statement. While it is an FDA approved ingredient, it also occurs naturally in some foods like mushrooms.
  - A. MSG
  - B. Sugar
  - C. Trans fat
  - D. High fructose corn syrup
- 11. \_\_\_\_\_ has a complicated production process involving fermentation and roasting resulting in production of more than 300 chemical compounds.
  - A. Wine
  - B. Chocolate
  - C. Beer
  - D. Tea

- 12. Canning of foods is a common process that can safely preserve foods. If canning is done improperly, \_\_\_\_\_ can grow and produce a deadly neurotoxin.
  - A. Listeria monocytogenes
  - B. Clostridium botulinum
  - C. Escherichia coli O157:H7
  - D. Yersinia pestis
- 13. \_\_\_\_\_ denatures enzymes that cause milk to spoil.
  - A. Homogenization
  - B. Pasteurization
  - C. Fortification
  - D. Emulsification
- 14. Food scientists commonly use the metric system when developing products. In a 10 pound product test batch, 3.17 oz of salt is used. How much salt would be used in grams?
  - A. 0.11 g
  - B. 6.9 g
  - C. 50.7 g
  - D. 89.9 g
- A food scientist is conducting an experiment and measuring a volume of a liquid in a buret. The volume of liquid is read from the \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. meitnerium
  - B. mendelevium
  - C. meniscus
  - D. mendotium
- A solution that contains less solute than can be dissolved in it at a given temperature is called a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_ solution.
  - A. unsaturated
  - B. saturated
  - C. supersaturated
  - D. hypersaturated

- 17. \_\_\_\_\_ is a digestive enzyme is found in salvia, and reacts with carbohydrates in food to initiate breakdown into simpler sugars.
  - A. Lactase
  - B. Lipase
  - C. Catalase
  - D. Amylase
- Integrated Pest Management in a food production area focuses on controlling pests with \_\_\_\_\_\_ deterrents.
  - A. non-chemical
  - B. broad application chemical
  - C. non-sustainable
  - D. non-system wide
- Metabolism of food involves two separate processes. One of these, \_\_\_\_\_, involves breaking down complex molecules into simpler ones during chemical reactions.
  - A. osmosis
  - B. anabolism
  - C. catabolism
  - D. hydrogenation
- 20. \_\_\_\_\_ is a subject that is helpful in the Food Science field. It involves using biology, genetics, and technology to improve plants, animals, and microorganisms for food production.
  - A. Bromatology
  - B. Biotechnology
  - C. Apiology
  - D. Zymology
- 21. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is an environmental pathogen that can contaminate ready-toeat products. If a contaminated food is consumed, it may be up to eight weeks before the onset of illness.
  - A. Salmonella enteritidis
  - B. Escherichia coli O157:H7
  - C. Listeria monocytogenes
  - D. Trichinella sprialis

- 22. If a food product label bears the symbol in this picture, it means that the product has been \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. x-rayed

B.



- C. treated with irradiation
- D. scanned with a metal detector

sprayed with a bactericide

- 23. This chemical bond is formed by the transfer of electrons between atoms of different elements resulting in positive and negative ions.
  - A. metallic bonds
  - B. covalent bond
  - C. hydrogen bond
  - D. ionic bond
- 24. Starch is a \_\_\_\_\_, which is a large molecule formed when small molecules of the same kind chain together.
  - A. protein
  - B. polysaccharide
  - C. fat
  - D. triglyceride
- 25. A \_\_\_\_\_ is an explanation based on a body of knowledge gained from many observations and supported by the results of many food science experiments.
  - A. theory
  - B. hypothesis
  - C. speculation
  - D. conjecture
- 26. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is a pretreatment for dehydration that stops enzyme activity, but extends drying time due to water absorbed by food during the soaking pretreatment.
  - A. Sulfiting
  - B. Sulfuring
  - C. Blanching
  - D. Curing

- 27. A food manufacturer is producing frozen waffles. The waffles are prepared by pouring a batter into a waffle iron and the waffle iron transfers heat by \_\_\_\_\_\_ to the batter.
  - A. conduction
  - B. convection
  - C. radiation
  - D. induction
- A \_\_\_\_\_\_ is used in the production of high fructose corn syrup, which is a substance that speeds up the reaction rate without being permanently changed or used up itself.
  - A. substrate
  - B. reactant
  - C. product
  - D. catalyst
- 29. \_\_\_\_\_\_is often used in thin products with a large surface area (crackers) as a leavening agent to allow the unpleasant tasting gas that is produced to escape.
  - A. Baking soda
  - B. Baking powder
  - C. Ammonium bicarbonate
  - D. Yeast
- 30. \_\_\_\_\_ is a well-known organism in the coliform group and is an indicator of potential fecal contamination.
  - A. Escherichia coli
  - B. Staphylococcus aureus
  - C. Bacillus cereus
  - D. Salmonella spp.
- 31. Extrinsic factors are environmental factors that affect the growth rate of microorganisms. All of the following are extrinsic factors except \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. temperature
  - B. relative humidity
  - С. рН
  - D. oxygen availability

32. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is a mycotoxin that is a potential chemical hazard in apples and apple products.

## A. Patulin

- B. Ochratoxin
- C. Aflatoxin
- D. Penicillic acid
- The length of time required at a specific temperature to destroy 90% of the microorganisms when processing food is called the \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. F-value
  - B. T-value
  - C. Z-value
  - D. D-value
- 34. \_\_\_\_\_ is the spoilage of lipids or lipid material through the chemical bonding of oxygen to unsaturated sites of fatty acids.

## A. Oxidative rancidity

- B. Hydrogenation
- C. Sublimation
- D. Freezer burn
- Some oils become cloudy when stored in a refrigerator. Because of this, many oils are \_\_\_\_\_\_ to precipitate saturated fatty acids.
  - A. caramelized
  - B. freeze dried
  - C. flash frozen
  - D. winterized
- A consumer finds a piece of plastic in their yogurt cup. This piece of plastic is an example of a \_\_\_\_\_ hazard.
  - A. biological
  - B. physical
  - C. chemical
  - D. ergonomic

- 37. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is (are) a systematic, science based process control system for food safety that serves as the basic structure of a preventative system to produce safe foods.
  - A. SSOPs
  - B. SOPs
  - C. GMPs
  - D. HACCP
- 38. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is formed in meat as naturally present enzymes use up available oxygen causing the meat to become brown in color.
  - A. Nitrosomyoglobin
  - B. Oxymyoglobin
  - C. Metmyoglobin
  - D. Deoxymyoglobin
- 39. In grains, the \_\_\_\_\_\_ is the portion of the kernel that contains the embryo of a future plant, as well as the lipid or oil.
  - A. husk
  - B. endosperm
  - C. bran
  - D. germ
- 40. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is a common process used in the food industry that involves the addition of salt, sugar, and vinegar to vegetables to lengthen their shelf life.
  - A. Lyophilization
  - B. Pickling
  - C. Leaching
  - D. Extrusion
- 41. Bacteria multiply rapidly in the temperature range of \_\_\_\_\_\_. It is commonly called the temperature danger zone.
  - A. 45 150°F
  - B. 50 120° F
  - C. 40 160°F
  - D. 40 140 °F

42. About 50% of all outbreaks of food-related illnesses are caused by \_\_\_\_\_ and is commonly spread by food handlers.

## A. Norovirus

- B. Clostridium perfringens
- C. Listeria monocytogenes
- D. Salmonella spp.
- A foodborne disease outbreak occurs when \_\_\_\_\_ or more people develop the same illness after consuming the same food.
  - A. two
  - B. ten
  - C. fifty
  - D. one hundred
- 44. Which food item is not one of the eight major food allergens?
  - A. milk
  - B. soybeans
  - C. fish
  - D. cocoa
- 45. To help prevent the spread of disease and to produce safe food, what is the recommended length of time that hands should be washed prior to handling food?
  - A. 10 seconds
  - B. 15 seconds
  - C. 20 seconds
  - D. 25 seconds
- 46. Glucose is an example of a \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. polysaccharide
  - B. disaccharide
  - C. monosaccharide
  - D. trisaccharide

- 47. In the Maillard reaction, reducing sugars react with the amino acid lysine. All of the following are examples of reducing sugars, except .
  - A. sucrose
  - B. glucose
  - C. maltose
  - D. lactose
- 48. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is a type of polysaccharide that occurs naturally in brown algae as a skeletal component of their walls. It is useful in the food industry as a thickener or stabilizing agent.
  - A. Pectin
  - B. Alginate
  - C. Chitin
  - D. Cellulose
- 49. In making ice cream, large amounts of air are incorporated into the mixture to increase the volume of the product. The percent increase in volume is known as
  - A. overrun
  - B. padding
  - C. bulking
  - D. surplus
- 50. Foods that have a pH greater than 5.3 are considered to be .
  - A. high-acid foods
  - B. acid foods
  - C. medium-acid foods
  - D. low-acid foods